

Davies Torres Design Ltd

Clarence House
Church Street
Nailsworth
Gloucestershire
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Project: 57 High Street, Fareham

Project Ref: 190503


Calculations for: Beam End Repairs

Client: Property Repair Systems

Date: May 2019

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 Davies Torres Design Ltd Clarence House Church Street, Nailsworth GL6 0BP	Project				Job Ref.	
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Proposals

Resin Repairs to beams at 57 High Street, Fareham.

Calculations carried out in conjunction with information supplied by Property Repair Systems.

Calculations carried out assuming working load stresses, linear behaviour and assuming that all tension forces are resisted by the bars in tension and shear bond into timber and none carried by resin in tension below neutral axis.

References

BS6399-1: 1996 Loading for Buildings – Code of Practice for dead and imposed loads
 BS6399-2:1997 Loadings for buildings – Code of practice for wind loads
 BS6399-3:1988 Loadings for Buildings – Code of practice for imposed roof loads
 BS5268-2:2002 Structural use of timber – Code of practice for permissible stress design
 BS449-2:1969 The use of structural steel in building
 Structural Engineers Pocket Book, 2nd Ed. - Cobb

Calculations prepared by

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 MEng PhD CEng MIStructE

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Dead Loads

Allow Dead Load of say 0.75kN/sqm for self weight of floor

Allow Partition Load of 0.25kN/sqm onto floor

Imposed Loads

Domestic Loading 1.5kN/sqm



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Beam Loadings

Refer to layout for potential loading onto beams

Load on beam = $(0.75+0.25+1.50) = 2.5\text{kN/sqm}$

Area of floor applying load onto beam = 13.0sqm

Total Load = $2.5 \times 13 = 32.5\text{kN}$

Maximum potential bending moment = $\frac{WL}{8} = \frac{32.5 \times 4.4}{8} = 17.9\text{kNm}$ at centre of beam

Maximum reaction = $32.5/2 = 16.3\text{kN}$

Bending Moment at Repair Position

Assess at 300mm from bearing

Width of loading onto beam = $(3.75+2.15)/2 = 2.95\text{m}$

$M = Rx - w\frac{x^2}{2} = 16.3 \times 0.3 - (3.0 \times 2.95) \times 0.3^2/2 = 4.5\text{kNm}$

Assess repairs with lower value of bending moment of bending moment capacity of section or 4.5kNm

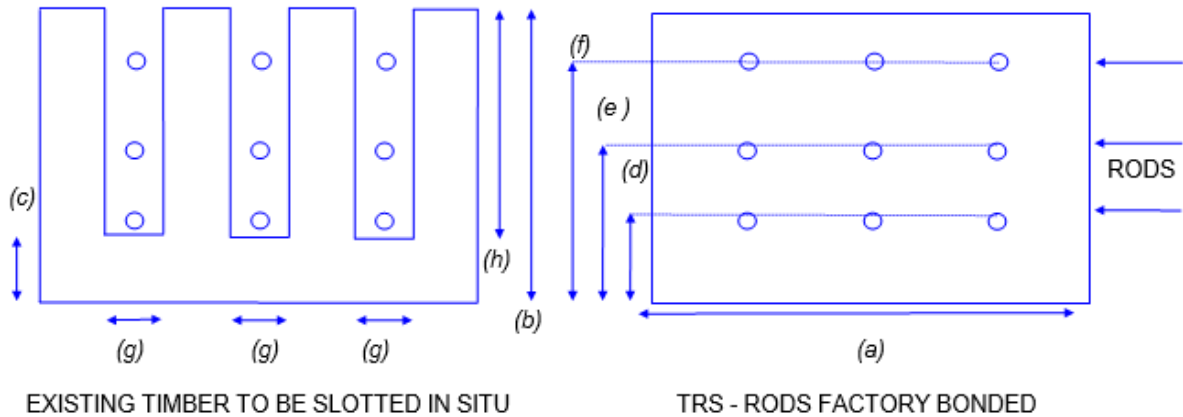


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Beam Repair No1

TRS TYPE C, 9 SHEAR CONNECTORS, 3 SLOTS, CATEGORY +/-3mm



Adjust bending moment and shear force so that unity value is equal to 1.0 to determine section capacity

Timber member design (BS5268) - Beam1

TIMBER MEMBER DESIGN TO BS5268-2:2002

TEDDS calculation version 1.7.01

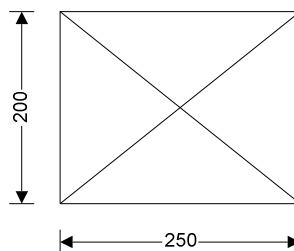
Analysis results

Design moment in major axis;

$$M_x = 13.070 \text{ kNm}$$

Design shear;

$$F = 23.660 \text{ kN}$$



Timber section details

Breadth of sections;

$$b = 250 \text{ mm}$$

Depth of sections;

$$h = 200 \text{ mm}$$

Number of sections in member;

$$N = 1$$

Overall breadth of member;

$$b_b = N \times b = 250 \text{ mm}$$

Timber strength class;

C24

Member details

Service class of timber;

1

Load duration;

Long term



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Section properties

Cross sectional area of member;	$A = N \times b \times h = 50000 \text{ mm}^2$
Section modulus;	$Z_x = N \times b \times h^2 / 6 = 1666667 \text{ mm}^3$
	$Z_y = h \times (N \times b)^2 / 6 = 2083333 \text{ mm}^3$
Second moment of area;	$I_x = N \times b \times h^3 / 12 = 16666667 \text{ mm}^4$
	$I_y = h \times (N \times b)^3 / 12 = 260416667 \text{ mm}^4$
Radius of gyration;	$i_x = \sqrt{I_x / A} = 57.7 \text{ mm}$
	$i_y = \sqrt{I_y / A} = 72.2 \text{ mm}$

Modification factors

Duration of loading - Table 17;	$K_3 = 1.00$
Total depth of member - cl.2.10.6;	$K_7 = (300 \text{ mm} / h)^{0.11} = 1.05$
Load sharing - cl.2.9;	$K_8 = 1.00$

Lateral support - cl.2.10.8

No lateral support	
Permissible depth-to-breadth ratio - Table 19;	2.00
Actual depth-to-breadth ratio;	$h / (N \times b) = 0.80$

PASS - Lateral support is adequate

Bending parallel to grain

Permissible bending stress;	$\sigma_{m_adm} = \sigma_m \times K_3 \times K_7 \times K_8 = 7.842 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Applied bending stress;	$\sigma_{m_a} = M_x / Z_x = 7.842 \text{ N/mm}^2$
	$\sigma_{m_a} / \sigma_{m_adm} = 1.000$

PASS - Applied bending stress is less than permissible bending stress

Shear parallel to grain

Permissible shear stress;	$\tau_{adm} = \tau \times K_3 \times K_8 = 0.710 \text{ N/mm}^2$
Applied shear stress;	$\tau_a = 3 \times F / (2 \times A) = 0.710 \text{ N/mm}^2$
	$\tau_a / \tau_{adm} = 1.000$

PASS - Applied shear stress is less than permissible shear stress



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Resin Repair Beam 1

Esteel 205000 N/sqmm
 Etimber 7200 N/sqmm
 Modular Ratio 28.5

Tension Steel	
No of Bars per layer	3
Diameter	16 mm
Total Area per layer	603.2 sqmm
Equivalent Area	17174.0 sqmm

Compression Steel	
No of Bars	3
Diameter	16 mm
Total Area	603.2 sqmm
Equivalent Area	16570.9 sqmm

Bending Moment 4.5 kNm

Dimensions of Timber	
Depth	200 mm
Breadth	250 mm

Depth to Steel	
Compression	50 mm
Tension	
Length of Steel Bars	700 mm
Slot Depth	163 mm
Slot Width	25 mm

Tension Bars	Row 1	Row 2	Row 3	Row 4	Row 5	Row 6	Row 7	Row 8	
d	150	120							mm
d-x	61.77152	31.77151661							mm
EquivArea x (d-x)	1060866	545645.292							mm ³

Solve for Neutral Axis Depth
 x = 88.22848 mm

Qabove NA 1606512
 Qbelow NA 1606512



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Cracked Section Moment of Inertia
 164317063.8 mm⁴

Stresses in Bars (Lowest Bars First)

Stress N/sqmm	48.2	24.8
Force per row kN	29.1	14.9

Actual Stresses from Bending		
Timber Compression	2.4	N/sqmm
Tension Steel (Max)	48.2	N/sqmm
Compression Steel	29.8	N/sqmm

Tension Force	29.1	kN
Tension per Bar	9.7	kN

			Allowable for C24 Timber
Bond Stress into New Timber	0.49	N/sqmm	0.71 N/sqmm
Bond Stress into Old Timber	0.49	N/sqmm	0.71 N/sqmm

Proposed repair of 9No 16mm bars of 700mm length acceptable

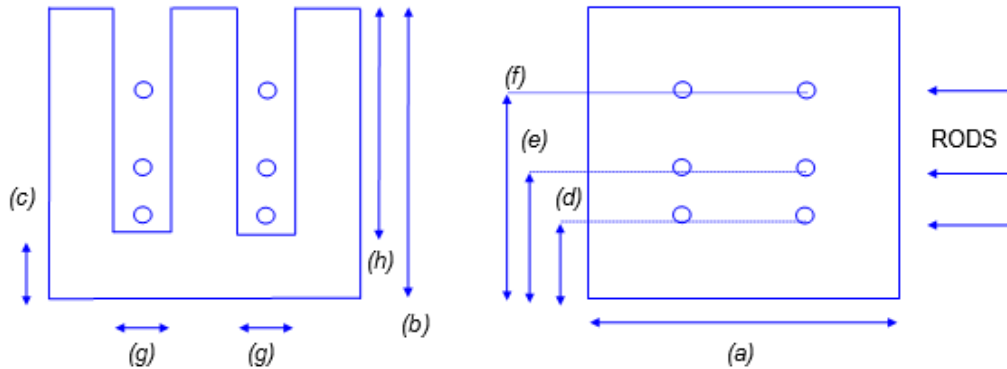


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Beam Repair No2

TRS TYPE C, 6 SHEAR CONNECTORS, 2 SLOTS, CATEGORY +/-3mm



EXISTING TIMBER TO BE SLOTTED IN SITU

TRS - RODS FACTORY BONDED

Timber member design (BS5268) - Beam2

TIMBER MEMBER DESIGN TO BS5268-2:2002

TEDDS calculation version 1.7.01

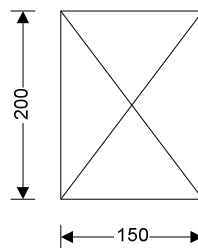
Analysis results

Design moment in major axis;

$$M_x = 7.840 \text{ kNm}$$

Design shear;

$$F = 14.200 \text{ kN}$$



Timber section details

Breadth of sections;

$$b = 150 \text{ mm}$$

Depth of sections;

$$h = 200 \text{ mm}$$

Number of sections in member;

$$N = 1$$

Overall breadth of member;

$$b_b = N \times b = 150 \text{ mm}$$

Timber strength class;

C24

Member details

Service class of timber;

1

Load duration;

Long term



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Section properties

Cross sectional area of member; $A = N \times b \times h = 30000 \text{ mm}^2$
 Section modulus; $Z_x = N \times b \times h^2 / 6 = 1000000 \text{ mm}^3$
 $Z_y = h \times (N \times b)^2 / 6 = 750000 \text{ mm}^3$
 Second moment of area; $I_x = N \times b \times h^3 / 12 = 100000000 \text{ mm}^4$
 $I_y = h \times (N \times b)^3 / 12 = 56250000 \text{ mm}^4$
 Radius of gyration; $i_x = \sqrt{I_x / A} = 57.7 \text{ mm}$
 $i_y = \sqrt{I_y / A} = 43.3 \text{ mm}$

Modification factors

Duration of loading - Table 17; $K_3 = 1.00$
 Total depth of member - cl.2.10.6; $K_7 = (300 \text{ mm} / h)^{0.11} = 1.05$
 Load sharing - cl.2.9; $K_8 = 1.00$

Lateral support - cl.2.10.8

No lateral support
 Permissible depth-to-breadth ratio - Table 19; **2.00**
 Actual depth-to-breadth ratio; $h / (N \times b) = 1.33$

PASS - Lateral support is adequate

Bending parallel to grain

Permissible bending stress; $\sigma_{m_adm} = \sigma_m \times K_3 \times K_7 \times K_8 = 7.842 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 Applied bending stress; $\sigma_{m_a} = M_x / Z_x = 7.840 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $\sigma_{m_a} / \sigma_{m_adm} = 1.000$

PASS - Applied bending stress is less than permissible bending stress

Shear parallel to grain

Permissible shear stress; $\tau_{adm} = \tau \times K_3 \times K_8 = 0.710 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 Applied shear stress; $\tau_a = 3 \times F / (2 \times A) = 0.710 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $\tau_a / \tau_{adm} = 1.000$

PASS - Applied shear stress is less than permissible shear stress



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Resin Repair Beam 2

Esteel 205000 N/sqmm
 Etimber 7200 N/sqmm
 Modular Ratio 28.5

Tension Steel	
No of Bars per layer	2
Diameter	16 mm
Total Area per layer	402.1 sqmm
Equivalent Area	11449.4 sqmm

Compression Steel	
No of Bars	2
Diameter	16 mm
Total Area	402.1 sqmm
Equivalent Area	11047.2 sqmm

Bending Moment 4.5 kNm

Dimensions of Timber	
Depth	200 mm
Breadth	150 mm

Depth to Steel	
Compression	50 mm
Tension	
Length of Steel Bars	750 mm
Slot Depth	163 mm
Slot Width	25 mm

Tension Bars	Row 1	Row 2	Row 3	Row 4	Row 5	Row 6	Row 7	Row 8	
d	150	120							mm
d-x	60.39959	30.39959204							mm
EquivArea x (d-x)	691536.7	348055.8699							mm ³

Solve for Neutral Axis Depth
 x = 89.60041 mm

Qabove NA 1039593
 Qbelow NA 1039593



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Cracked Section Moment of Inertia
 105640127.7 mm⁴

Stresses in Bars (Lowest Bars First)

Stress N/sqmm	73.3	36.9	
Force per row kN	29.5	14.8	

Actual Stresses from Bending		
Timber Compression	3.8	N/sqmm
Tension Steel (Max)	73.3	N/sqmm
Compression Steel	48.0	N/sqmm

Tension Force	29.5	kN
Tension per Bar	14.7	kN

			Allowable for C24
Bond Stress into New Timber	0.69	N/sqmm	0.71 N/sqmm
Bond Stress into Old Timber	0.69	N/sqmm	0.71 N/sqmm

Proposed repair of 6No 16mm bars of 600mm length acceptable

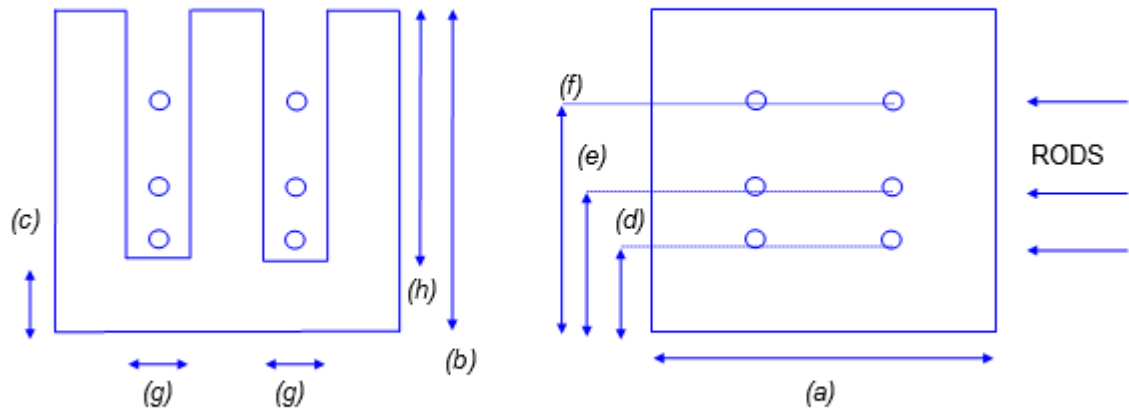


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Beam Repair No3

TRS TYPE C, 6 SHEAR CONNECTORS, 2 SLOTS, CATEGORY +/-3mm



EXISTING TIMBER TO BE SLOTTED IN SITU

TRS - RODS FACTORY BONDED

Timber member design (BS5268) - Beam3

TIMBER MEMBER DESIGN TO BS5268-2:2002

TEDDS calculation version 1.7.01

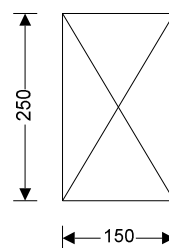
Analysis results

Design moment in major axis;

$$M_x = 11.956 \text{ kNm}$$

Design shear;

$$F = 17.750 \text{ kN}$$



Timber section details

Breadth of sections;

$$b = 150 \text{ mm}$$

Depth of sections;

$$h = 250 \text{ mm}$$

Number of sections in member;

$$N = 1$$

Overall breadth of member;

$$b_b = N \times b = 150 \text{ mm}$$

Timber strength class;

C24

Member details

Service class of timber;

1

Load duration;

Long term



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Section properties

Cross sectional area of member; $A = N \times b \times h = 37500 \text{ mm}^2$
 Section modulus; $Z_x = N \times b \times h^2 / 6 = 1562500 \text{ mm}^3$
 $Z_y = h \times (N \times b)^2 / 6 = 937500 \text{ mm}^3$
 Second moment of area; $I_x = N \times b \times h^3 / 12 = 195312500 \text{ mm}^4$
 $I_y = h \times (N \times b)^3 / 12 = 70312500 \text{ mm}^4$
 Radius of gyration; $i_x = \sqrt{I_x / A} = 72.2 \text{ mm}$
 $i_y = \sqrt{I_y / A} = 43.3 \text{ mm}$

Modification factors

Duration of loading - Table 17; $K_3 = 1.00$
 Total depth of member - cl.2.10.6; $K_7 = (300 \text{ mm} / h)^{0.11} = 1.02$
 Load sharing - cl.2.9; $K_8 = 1.00$

Lateral support - cl.2.10.8

No lateral support
 Permissible depth-to-breadth ratio - Table 19; **2.00**
 Actual depth-to-breadth ratio; $h / (N \times b) = 1.67$

PASS - Lateral support is adequate

Bending parallel to grain

Permissible bending stress; $\sigma_{m_adm} = \sigma_m \times K_3 \times K_7 \times K_8 = 7.652 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 Applied bending stress; $\sigma_{m_a} = M_x / Z_x = 7.652 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $\sigma_{m_a} / \sigma_{m_adm} = 1.000$

PASS - Applied bending stress is less than permissible bending stress

Shear parallel to grain

Permissible shear stress; $\tau_{adm} = \tau \times K_3 \times K_8 = 0.710 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 Applied shear stress; $\tau_a = 3 \times F / (2 \times A) = 0.710 \text{ N/mm}^2$
 $\tau_a / \tau_{adm} = 1.000$

PASS - Applied shear stress is less than permissible shear stress



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Resin Repair Beam 3

Esteel 205000 N/sqmm
 Etimber 7200 N/sqmm
 Modular Ratio 28.5

Tension Steel	
No of Bars per layer	2
Diameter	16 mm
Total Area per layer	402.1 sqmm
Equivalent Area	11449.4 sqmm

Compression Steel	
No of Bars	2
Diameter	16 mm
Total Area	402.1 sqmm
Equivalent Area	11047.2 sqmm

Bending Moment 4.5 kNm

Dimensions of Timber	
Depth	250 mm
Breadth	150 mm

Depth to Steel	
Compression	50 mm
Tension	
Length of Steel Bars	825 mm
Slot Depth	213 mm
Slot Width	25 mm

Tension Bars	Row 1	Row 2	Row 3	Row 4	Row 5	Row 6	Row 7	Row 8	
d	200	170							mm
d-x	87.09713	57.0971345							mm
EquivArea x (d-x)	997206.4	653725.6417							mm ³

Solve for Neutral Axis Depth
 x = 112.9029 mm

Qabove NA 1650932
 Qbelow NA 1650932



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Cracked Section Moment of Inertia
 239850025 mm⁴

Stresses in Bars (Lowest Bars First)

Stress N/sqmm	46.5	30.5	
Force per row kN	18.7	12.3	

Actual Stresses from Bending		
Timber Compression	2.1	N/sqmm
Tension Steel (Max)	46.5	N/sqmm
Compression Steel	33.6	N/sqmm

Tension Force	18.7	kN
Tension per Bar	9.4	kN

			Allowable for C24
Bond Stress into New Timber	0.40	N/sqmm	0.71 N/sqmm
Bond Stress into Old Timber	0.40	N/sqmm	0.71 N/sqmm

Proposed repair of 6No 16mm bars of 825mm length acceptable



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Appendix

Resin Design Methodology

Resin Repair proposals

Resin Data Sheet

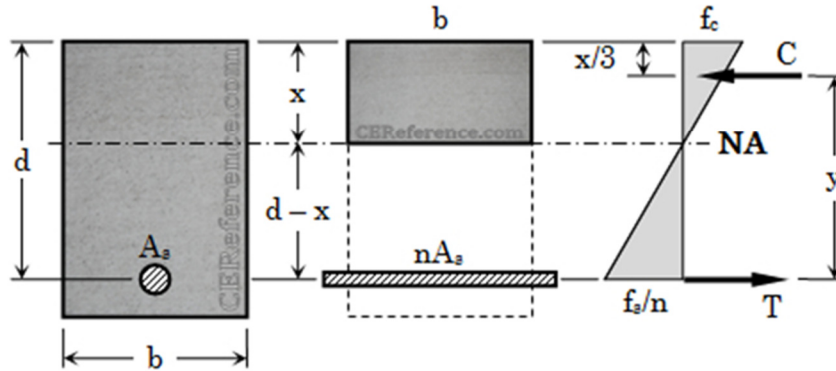


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Transformed Section Method

Convert steel area to equivalent concrete area by multiplying A_s with modular ratio, n .



Location of the neutral axis from extreme compression fiber

$$\text{Singly reinforced: } \frac{1}{2}bx^2 = nA_s(d - x)$$

$$\text{Doubly reinforced: } \frac{1}{2}bx^2 + (2n - 1)A'_s(x - d') = nA_s(d - x)$$

Cracked section moment of inertia ($I_{NA} = I_{cr}$)

$$\text{Singly reinforced: } I_{NA} = \frac{bx^3}{3} + nA_s(d - x)^2$$

$$\text{Doubly reinforced: } I_{NA} = \frac{bx^3}{3} + (2n - 1)A'_s(x - d')^2 + nA_s(d - x)^2$$

Actual stresses (calculate using Flexure Formula)

Concrete

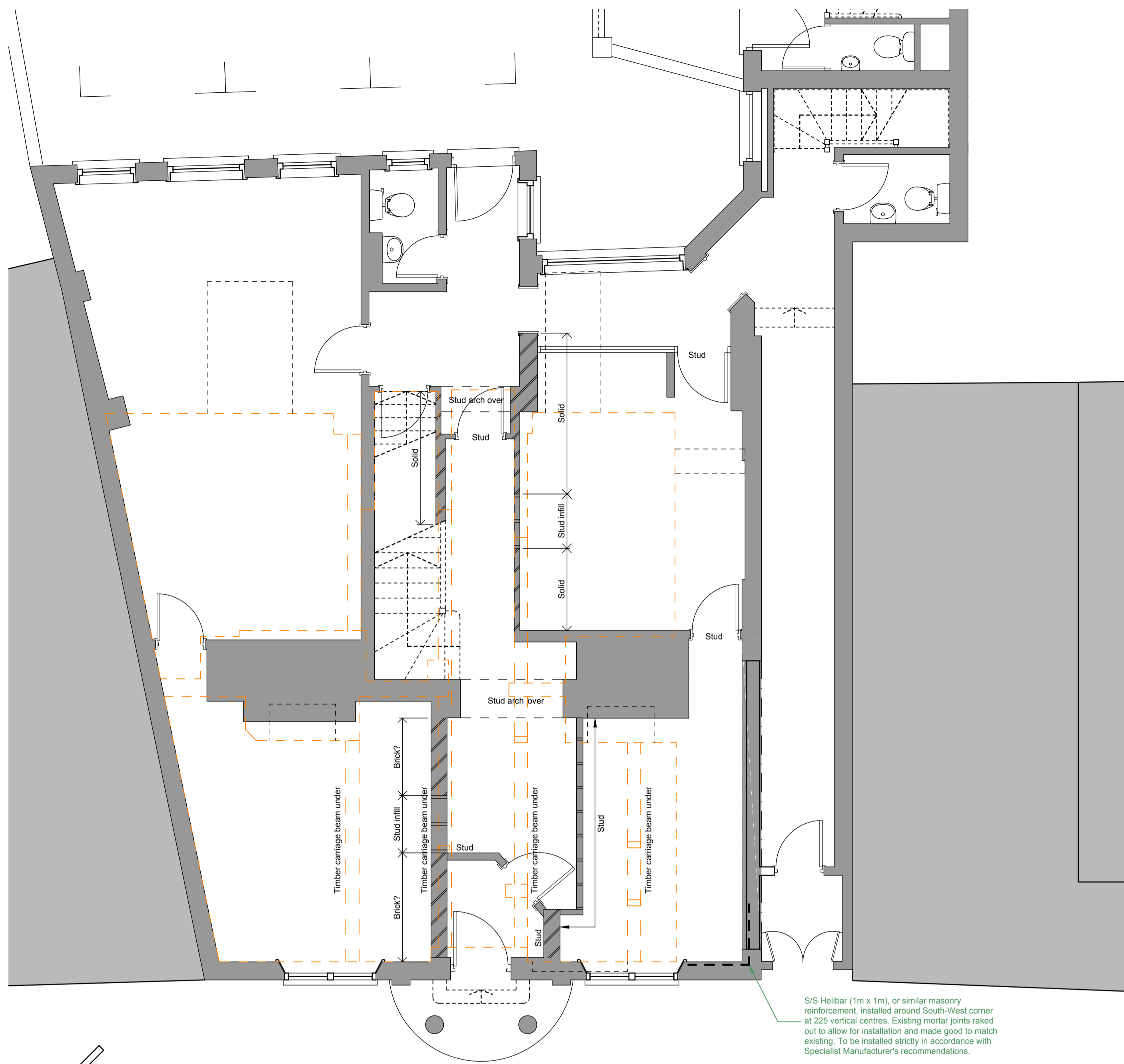
$$f_c = \frac{Mx}{I_{NA}}$$

Tension steel

$$\frac{f_s}{n} = \frac{M(d - x)}{I_{NA}}$$

Compression steel for doubly reinforced

$$\frac{f'_s}{2n} = \frac{M(x - d')}{I_{NA}}$$

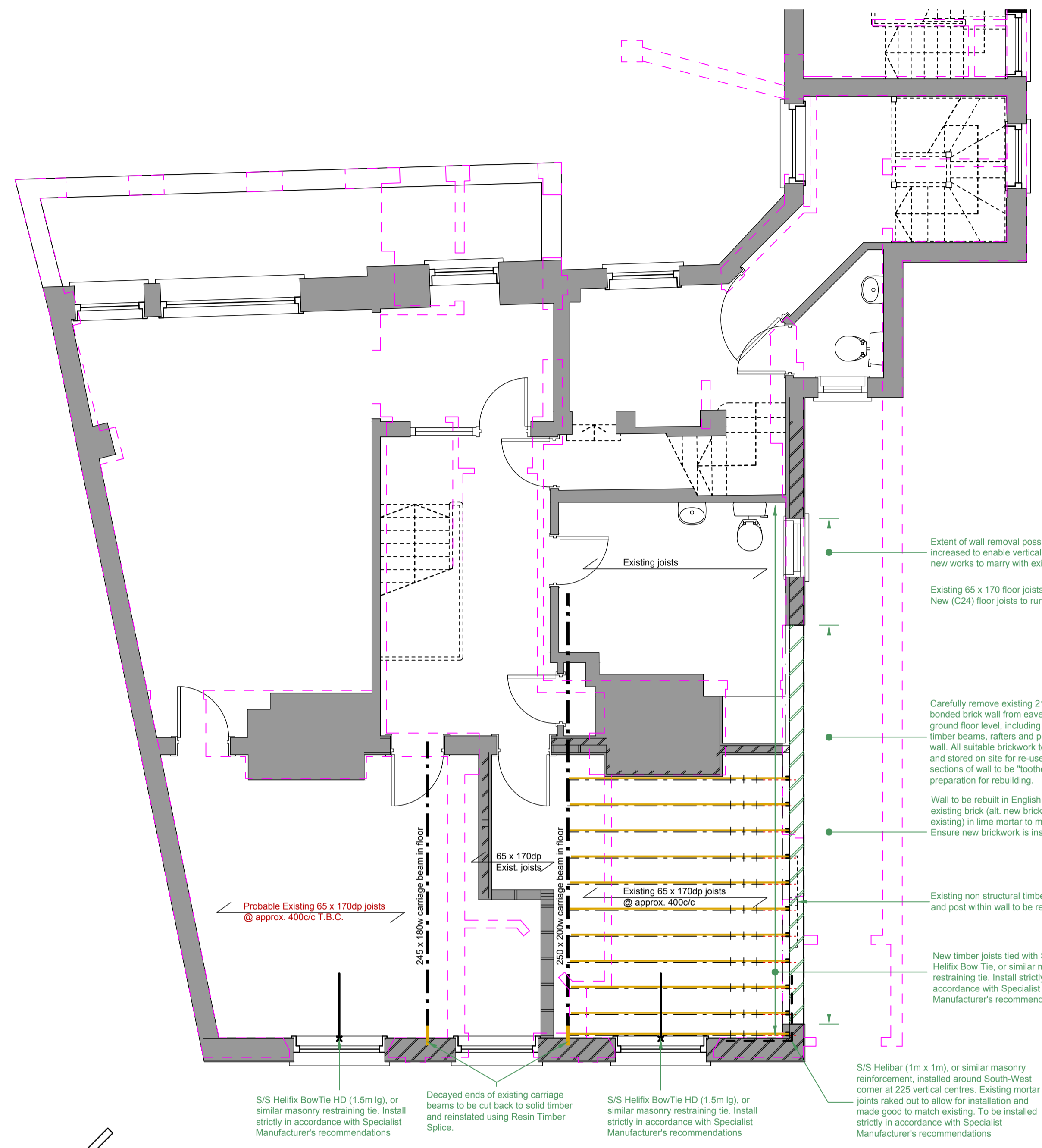


Existing Ground floor plan showing basement walls dotted below
(1:50)

ALL TEMPORARY WORKS TO CONTRACTOR'S SPECIFICATION AND DETAIL.

ALL DIMENSIONS, LEVELS ETC. MUST BE CONFIRMED ON SITE PRIOR TO FABRICATION / CONSTRUCTION

Floor Joist Splice - Plan
(1:20)



Existing First floor plan showing ground floor walls dotted below
(1:50)

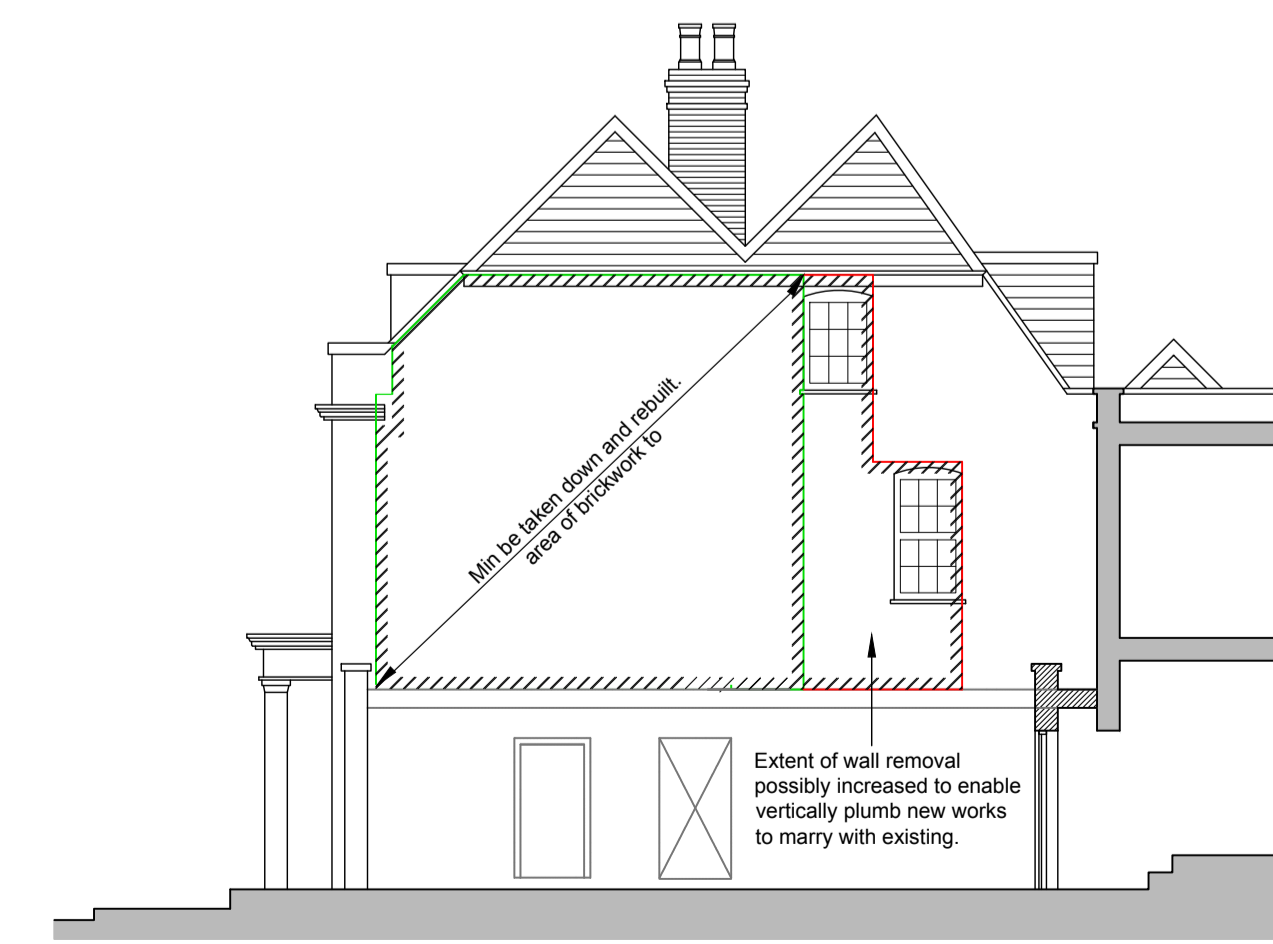
Extent of wall removal possibly increased to enable vertically plumb new works to marry with existing.
Existing 65 x 170 floor joists to be left in place. New (C24) floor joists to run alongside existing.
Carefully remove existing 215 wide bonded brick wall from eaves to above ground floor level, including all decayed timber beams, rafters and posts within wall. All suitable brickwork to be cleaned and stored on site for re-use. Remaining sections of wall to be "toothed out" in preparation for rebuilding.
Wall to be rebuilt in English bond using existing brick (alt. new brick to match existing) in lime mortar to match existing. Ensure new brickwork is installed plumb.
Existing non structural timber beam and post within wall to be removed.
New timber joists tied with S/S Helifix Bow Tie, or similar masonry restraining tie. Install strictly in accordance with Specialist Manufacturer's recommendations.
S/S Helifix (1m x 1m), or similar masonry reinforcement, installed around South-West corner at 225 vertical centres. Existing mortar joints raked out to allow for installation and made good to match existing. To be installed strictly in accordance with Specialist Manufacturer's recommendations.

Probable Existing 65 x 170dp joists @ approx. 400c/c T.B.C.
S/S Helifix BowTie HD (1.5m lg), or similar masonry restraining tie. Install strictly in accordance with Specialist Manufacturer's recommendations.

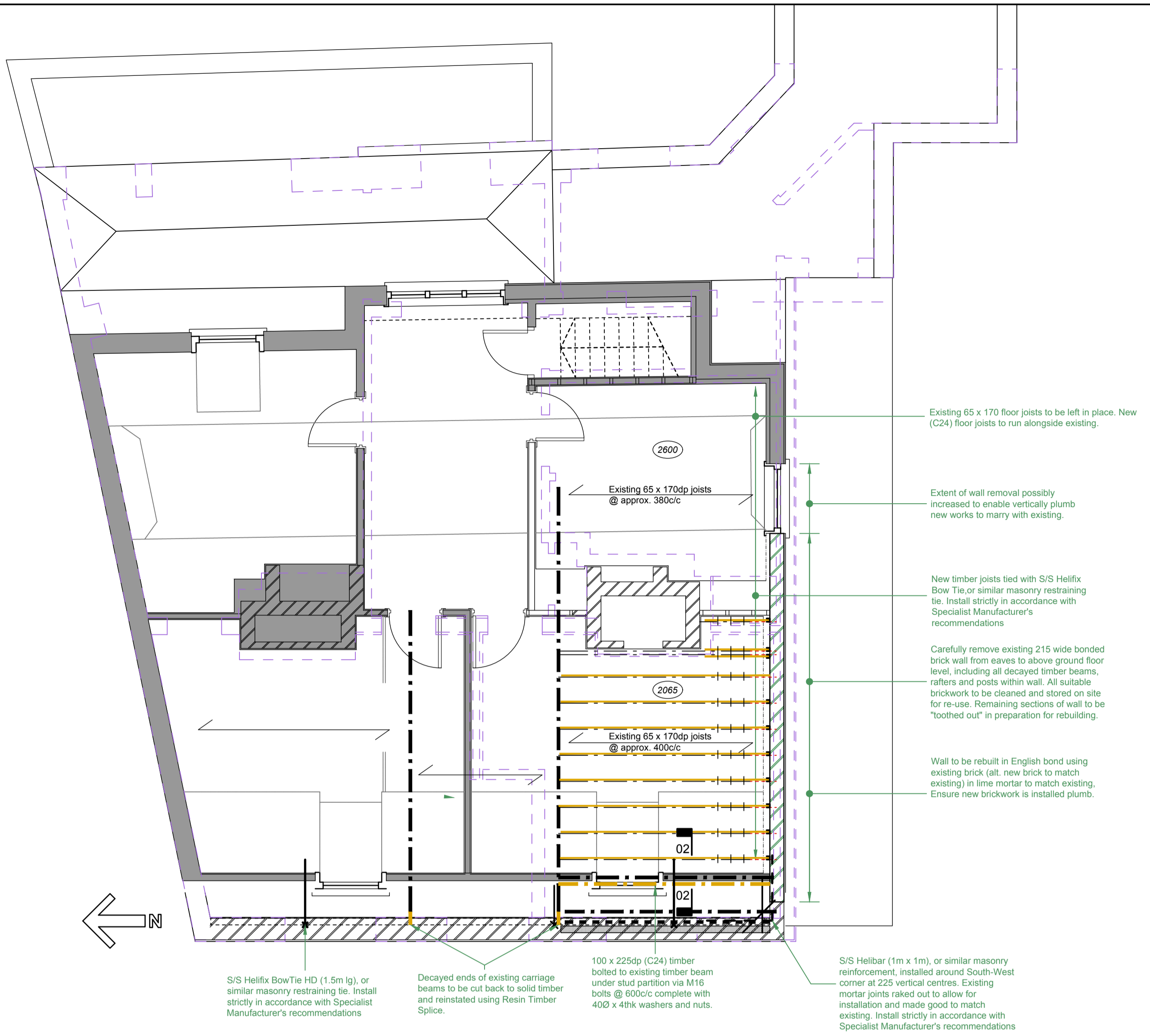
Decayed ends of existing carriage beams to be cut back to solid timber and reinstated using Resin Timber Splice.
S/S Helifix BowTie HD (1.5m lg), or similar masonry restraining tie. Install strictly in accordance with Specialist Manufacturer's recommendations.

Existing 65 x 170dp joists @ approx. 400c/c
250 x 200w carriage beam in floor
S/S Helifix BowTie HD (1.5m lg), or similar masonry restraining tie. Install strictly in accordance with Specialist Manufacturer's recommendations.

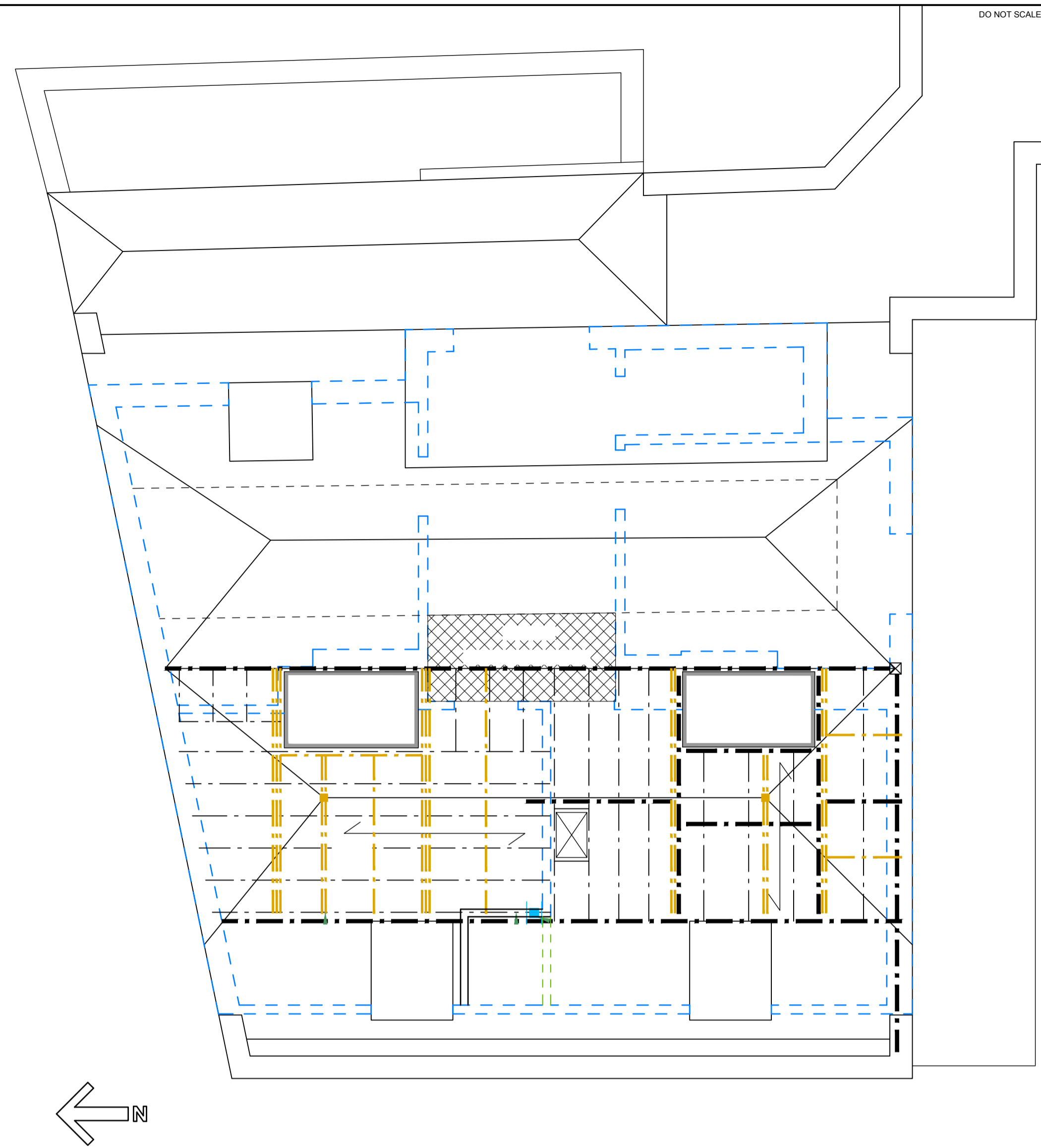
South Elevation Extent of Masonry to be Rebuilt
Scale 1:100



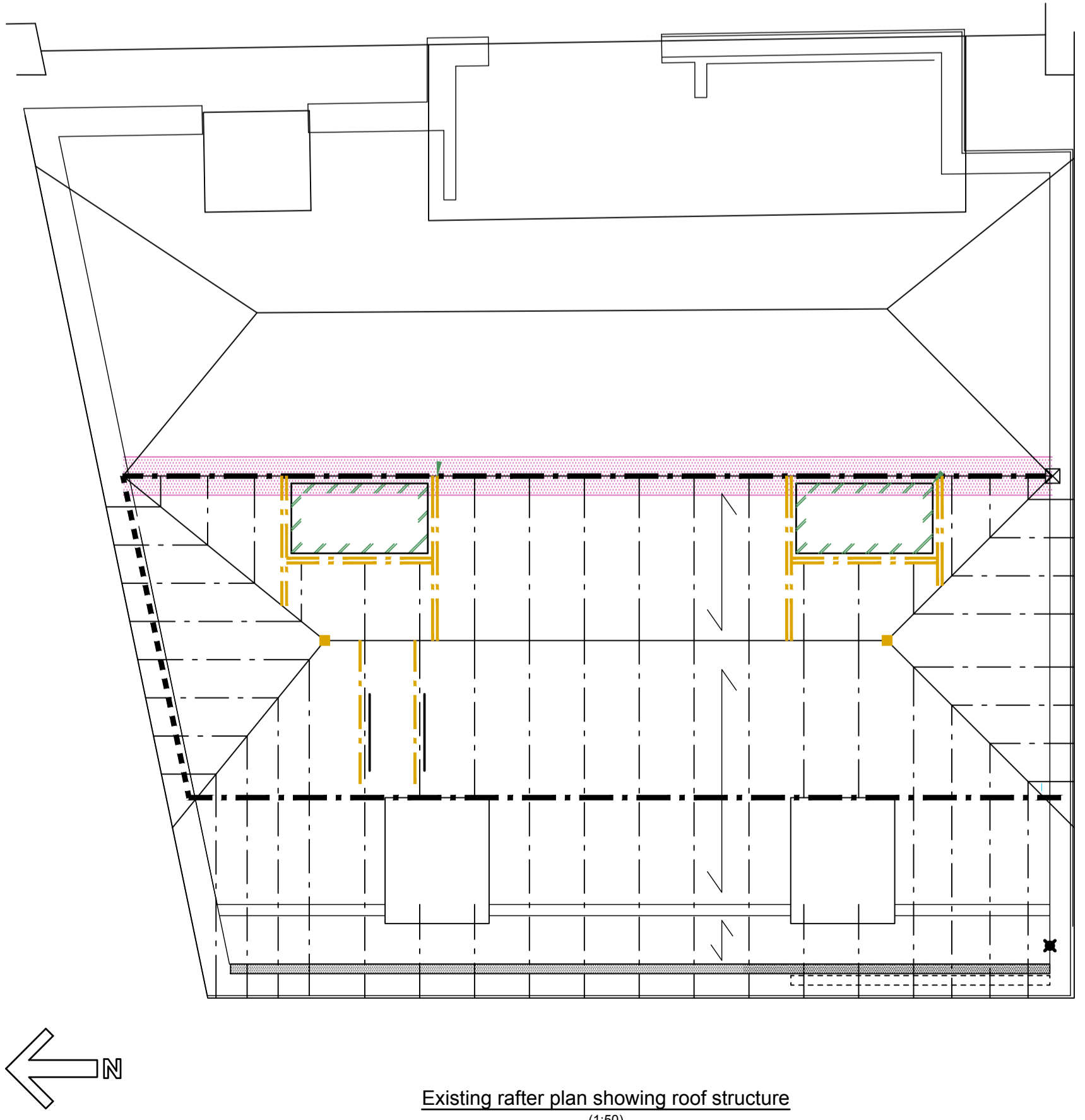
JOB TITLE		57 High Street Fareham	
CLIENT		S. Robinson	
SCALES	1:50	DRG. SIZE	A1
DATE	Oct 2017	ENG / TECH	CHECKED
DRAWING TITLE			
Proposed remedial / repair works at Ground Floor and First Floor			
DRAWING No.		3602 / 0.3	
REVISION		P2	



Existing Second Floor Plan showing first floor walls dotted below (1:50)



Existing Ceiling Plan showing Second floor walls dotted below (1:50)



Existing rafter plan showing roof structure (1:50)

ALL TEMPORARY WORKS TO CONTRACTOR'S SPECIFICATION AND DETAIL.

ALL DIMENSIONS, LEVELS ETC. MUST BE CONFIRMED ON SITE PRIOR TO FABRICATION / CONSTRUCTION

JOB TITLE		57 High Street Fareham	
CLIENT		S. Robinson	
SCALES	1:50	DRG. SIZE	A1
DATE	Oct 2017	ENG / TECH	CHECKED
DRAWING TITLE			
Proposed remedial / repair works at Second Floor, Ceiling and Roof			
DRAWING No.		3602 / 0.4	
REVISION		P2	

9th February 2019

57 HIGH STREET
FAREHAM
HAMPSHIRE
PO16 7BG

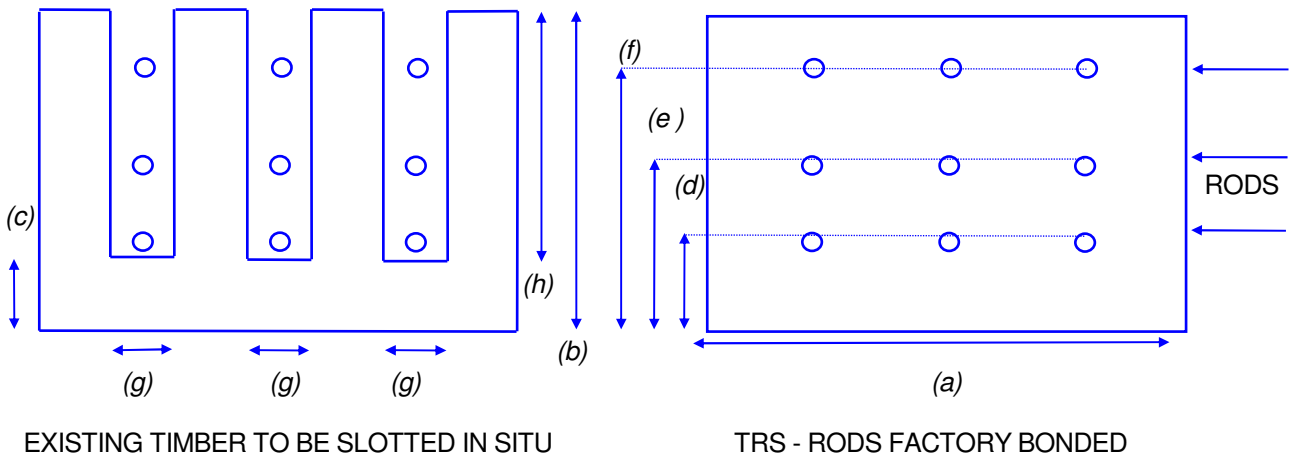
Remedial/Repair works to southern elevation
external wall, 1st floor and 2nd floor.

PROPOSED SEQUENCE OF WORKS

1. At 1st and 2nd Floor level South Elevation Prop existing ceiling joists and carriage beams at West Elevation with Acrow Props. All propping must be taken down to basement level (i.e. not supported on upper floors).
2. At 1st Floor Level Introduce new C24 ceiling Joists adjacent existing. Removing rotten timber wall plate and replacing with brick and mortar, matching original (as analyzed by The Lime Centre). Existing ceiling joists to remain in situ.
3. At 1st and 2nd Floor level, HeliBar SS or similar masonry reinforcement to be installed around South-west corner at 225mm vertical centres.
4. 1st floor carriage beam bearings into 330mm solid brickwork wall (West elevation) have decayed. Cut back carriage beams to sound timber.
5. Timber resin splice to be joined to end of carriage beams and sat on masonry bed in front (West) elevation wall.
6. At 1st floor level, West Elevation, Helifix Bow Tie HD or similar masonry tie inserted through brickwork into first two parallel joists, masonry end to be resin grouted in place.
7. At 1st Floor level, South Elevation, Helifix Bow Tie or similar masonry tie inserted through brickwork into perpendicular joists, masonry end to be resin grouted in place.
8. At 1st Floor level, West Elevation, Helifix Bow Tie HD or similar masonry tie inserted through brickwork into carriage beams, masonry end to be resin grouted in place.

9. At 2nd Floor Level Introduce new C24 ceiling joists adjacent existing. Removing rotten timber wall plate and replacing with brick and mortar, matching original surrounding (as analyzed by The Lime Centre). Existing ceiling joists to remain in situ.
10. At 2nd Floor level, West Elevation, Helifix Bow Tie HD or similar masonry tie inserted through brickwork into first two parallel joists, masonry end to be resin grouted in place.
11. At 2nd Floor level, West Elevation, Helifix Bow Tie HD or similar masonry tie inserted through brickwork into carriage beams, masonry end to be resin grouted in place.
12. Provide weather tight cover at high level over south elevation scaffold, down to neighbour's roof/party wall and to cover gap between properties full height of front elevation.
13. Carefully remove 215mm South wall from eaves level to ground floor along with decayed timber beams and posts within solid wall.
14. All suitable brickwork is to be cleaned off and stored on site to be reused. Any additional bricks required must match existing
15. Existing mortar has been analysed by the Lime Centre, Winchester and matched for new works.
16. "Tooth out" existing masonry at each end of the remaining sections of wall.
17. Rebuild South elevation wall between remaining masonry in English bonded brickwork and ensure new masonry is now plumb.
18. During the construction of the South elevation wall, at 2nd Floor level, Helifix Bow Tie or similar masonry tie inserted through rebuilt brickwork into perpendicular joists, masonry end to be resin grouted in place.

TRS TYPE C, 9 SHEAR CONNECTORS, 3 SLOTS, CATEGORY +/-3mm



COMPANY - Steve Robinson **CONTACT** - Steve Robinson

SITE - 57 High Street **ENQ/JOB NO:** 5151 **DATE** - 19/02/2019

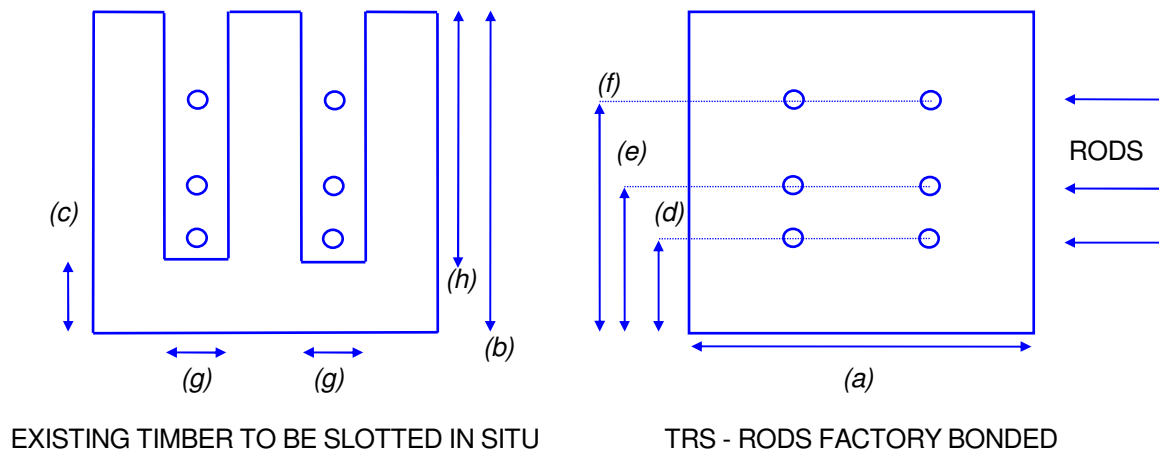
<u>BEAM REFERENCE NO. 1</u>	<u>NO. TO REPAIR 2</u>
<u>DIMENSIONS (NOT TO SCALE)</u>	
WIDTH (mm) (a)	250
DEPTH (mm) (b)	200
OVERALL LENGTH (mm)	600
BASE THICKNESS (mm) (c)	37
SHEAR CONNECTOR (ROD) CENTRES (mm) (d/e/f)	50/80/150
<u>SHEAR CONNECTORS (RODS)</u>	
LENGTH OVERALL (mm) (50:50 EXISTING/TRS)	700
DIAMETER (mm)	16
NUMBER	9
MATERIAL	HT/BZP/STEEL
<u>SLOTS (DO NOT SCALE FROM SKETCH)</u>	
NUMBER	3
WIDTH (mm) (g) (MAX. FOR RESIN VOLUME ALLOWED)	25
DEPTH (mm) (h) (MAX. FOR RESIN VOLUME ALLOWED)	163

SCHEMATIC ONLY - NOT TO SCALE

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ALL PROPOSALS TO BE VERIFIED BY A STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

TRS TYPE C, 6 SHEAR CONNECTORS, 2 SLOTS, CATEGORY +/-3mm



CONTACT - Steve Robinson

SITE - 57 High Street ENQ/JOB NO: 5151 DATE - 19/02/2019

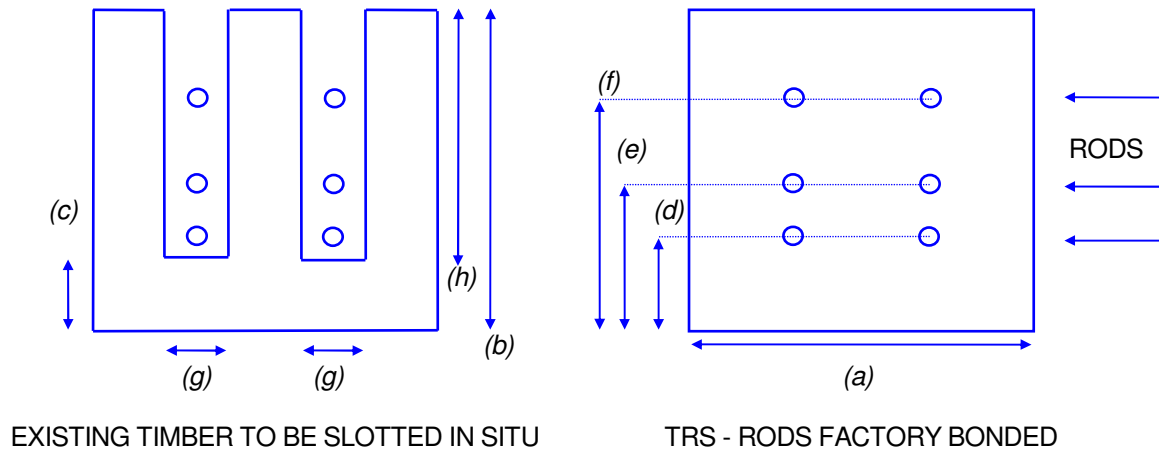
<u>BEAM REFERENCE NO. 2</u>	<u>NO. TO REPAIR 1</u>
<u>DIMENSIONS (NOT TO SCALE)</u>	
WIDTH (mm) (a)	150
DEPTH (mm) (b)	200
OVERALL LENGTH (mm)	600
BASE THICKNESS (mm) (c)	37
SHEAR CONNECTOR (ROD) CENTRES (mm) (d/e/f)	50/80/150
<u>SHEAR CONNECTORS (RODS)</u>	
LENGTH OVERALL (mm) (50:50 EXISTING/TRS)	600
DIAMETER (mm)	16
NUMBER	6
MATERIAL	HT/BZP/STEEL
<u>SLOTS (DO NOT SCALE FROM SKETCH)</u>	
NUMBER	2
WIDTH (mm) (g) (MAX. FOR RESIN VOLUME ALLOWED)	25
DEPTH (mm) (h) (MAX. FOR RESIN VOLUME ALLOWED)	163

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ALL PROPOSALS TO BE VERIFIED BY A STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

TRS TYPE C, 6 SHEAR CONNECTORS, 2 SLOTS, CATEGORY +/-3mm



CONTACT - Steve Robinson

SITE - 57 High Street ENQ/JOB NO: 5151 DATE - 19/02/2019

<u>BEAM REFERENCE NO.</u> 3	<u>NO. TO REPAIR</u> 1
<u>DIMENSIONS (NOT TO SCALE)</u>	
WIDTH (mm) (a)	150
DEPTH (mm) (b)	250
OVERALL LENGTH (mm)	600
BASE THICKNESS (mm) (c)	37
SHEAR CONNECTOR (ROD) CENTRES (mm) (d/e/f)	50/80/200
<u>SHEAR CONNECTORS (RODS)</u>	
LENGTH OVERALL (mm) (50:50 EXISTING/TRS)	825
DIAMETER (mm)	16
NUMBER	6
MATERIAL	HT/BZP/STEEL
<u>SLOTS (DO NOT SCALE FROM SKETCH)</u>	
NUMBER	2
WIDTH (mm) (g) (MAX. FOR RESIN VOLUME ALLOWED)	25
DEPTH (mm) (h) (MAX. FOR RESIN VOLUME ALLOWED)	213

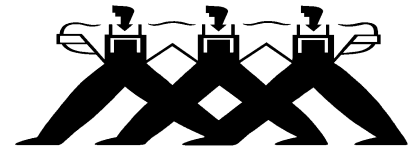
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ALL PROPOSALS TO BE VERIFIED BY A STRUCTURAL ENGINEER

THIXOTROPIC EPOXY RESIN

An Ultra Low Disturbance
Building Solution



Property Repair Systems
01626 331351

DESCRIPTION

THIXOTROPIC EPOXY RESIN is a two part, non-slump gel adhesive, designed to bond materials together or to inject into cracks, fissures and holes. THIXOTROPIC EPOXY RESIN can be injected from a standard 400cc cartridge or applied directly from the mixing pot in a film as thin as 0.2mm. THIXOTROPIC EPOXY RESIN does not contain solvent or water, so can be applied to difficult substrates.

Features

- Adhesion greater than the cohesive strength of timber
- Solvent and water free
- Impermeable to vapour
- Working pot life: 5 – 10 minutes at 15 – 20 C.
- Set time: 1 - 2 hours initial at 15 – 20 degrees C, 5 - 7 days full cure.

TYPICAL USES

For bonding timber, stone and metal and for injecting into cracks and holes in timber and masonry. For bonding dowels into timber and masonry. For laminating timbers and repairing Glulam beams. Suitable for high humidity environments.

PREPARATION & METHOD

Cut out all rotted, loose or flaking material and vacuum to remove dust. Abrade or grind as necessary to provide clean, stable surfaces free of all contaminants.

Mix the two components thoroughly with a stiff, square edged pallet knife until the two colours blend into an even colour.

Approximate spreading 'open' time is 5 - 10 minutes at 15 - 20 degrees centigrade, initial set in 1 - 2 hours. Initial cure minimum 12 hours, full cure 5 -7 days.

Either apply the adhesive to both surfaces to be bonded, or dispense into a cartridge kit for injection.

Ensure that the temperature is above 5 degrees Centigrade, or pre-warm the materials, otherwise curing may be delayed or prevented.

TECHNICAL DATA

Active Substance

Bisphenol A/F epoxy & Aliphatic Amines

Other Components

Glycidyl ether and inert fillers

Mix ratio - Do not vary the mix ratio – 2:1

2 measures of Base to 1 measure of Activator

Bond Strength/Tensile Shear Adhesion -

6 N/mm²

Compressive Strength - 30 N/mm²

Tensile Strength - 16 N/mm²

Flexural Strength - 20 N/mm²

Flexural Modulus - 503 N/mm²

Young's Modulus >370 N/mm²

Aggressivity to other materials

No known aggressivity

Classification

Irritant and corrosive

Packaging

Optional 400cc cartridge, skeleton guns

Colour

Blue/Cream – Mixed = Off White

Property Repair Systems - 01626 331351
Unit 3, Olympus Business Park, TQ12 2SN
DCM – 08/18